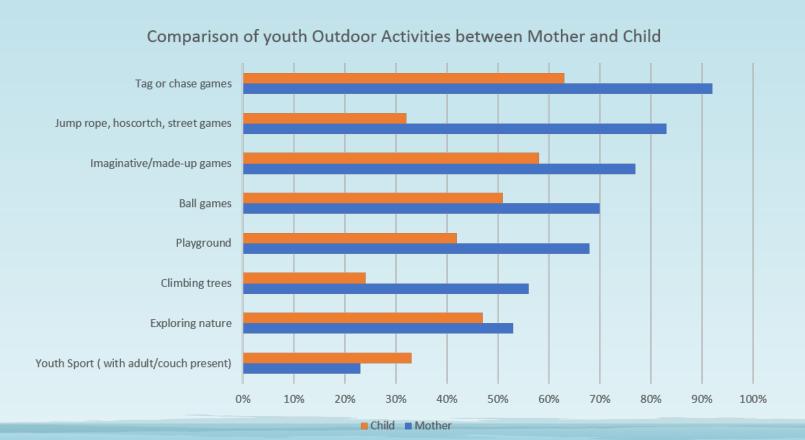
# The ParaSolar Experience

Group 11 Dylan Petrae CpE Meghan Perry EE Casey Mann EE Jesus Pulido CpE

### Motivation

• Disconnection with Nature: Now vs 1990's



### Motivation

- Side-effects of less outdoor time
  - Clinical Depression
  - Respiratory issues
  - Decrease in work/sleep quality
- Benefits of Nature Connection
  - better psychological well-being
  - superior cognitive functioning
  - speedier recovery from illnesses
  - fewer physical ailments
- Identifying key factors: Power, Entertainment, Connectivity, Information, and Convenience
- Turning these into specifications and goals





### Goals and Objectives

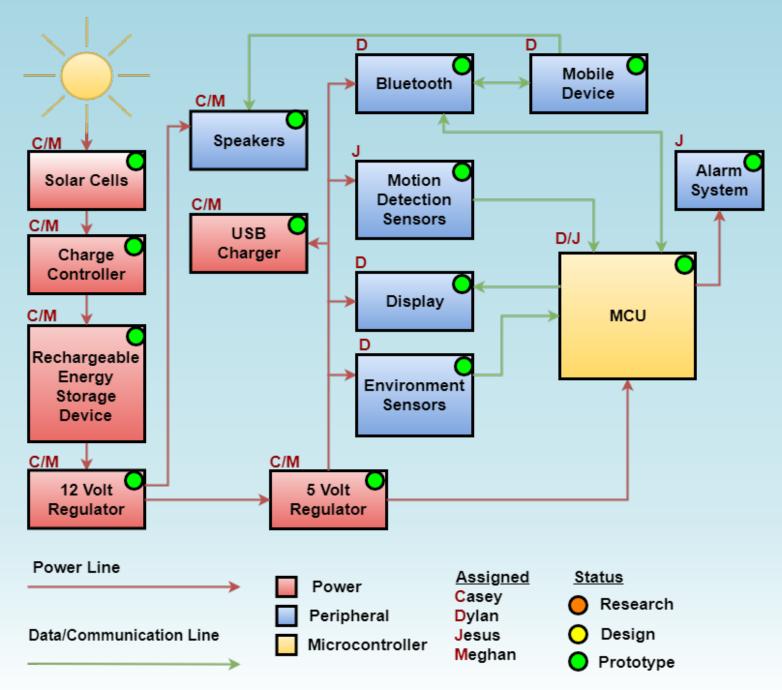
#### **Market Specifications**

- Ease of use
- Ensures a secure environment
- Provides entertainment and environmental updates
- Product should be low-cost compared to other similar products and it should be lightweight and portable.

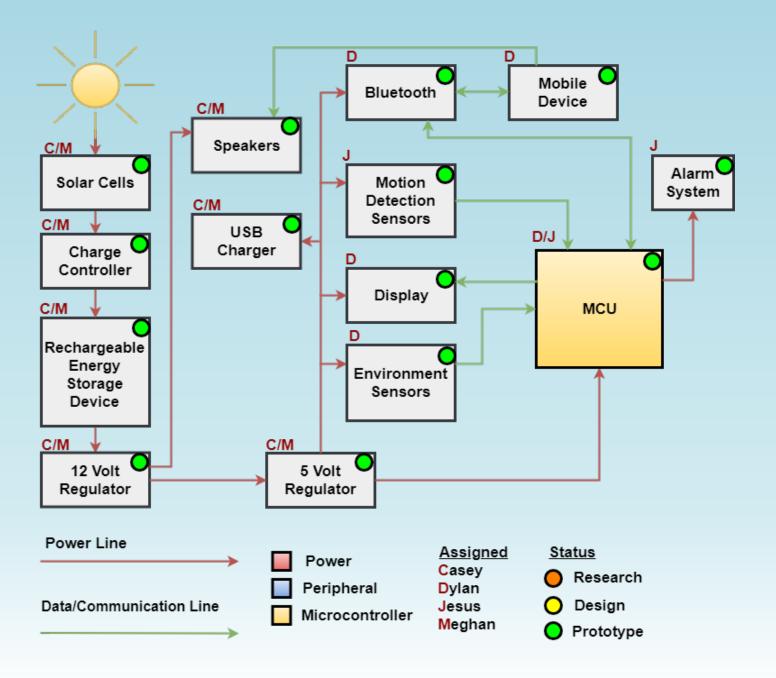
#### **Engineering Specifications**

- Response time for security system shall be less than 5 seconds.
- Voltage and Current output of USB ports (2) will be at least 5V and 1.6A
- System must be able to withstand lowlight conditions and provide power for up to 4 hours.
- Environmental conditions will be measured with no greater error than ±2° temperature and ±5% humidity readings

# Overall Hardware Block Diagram

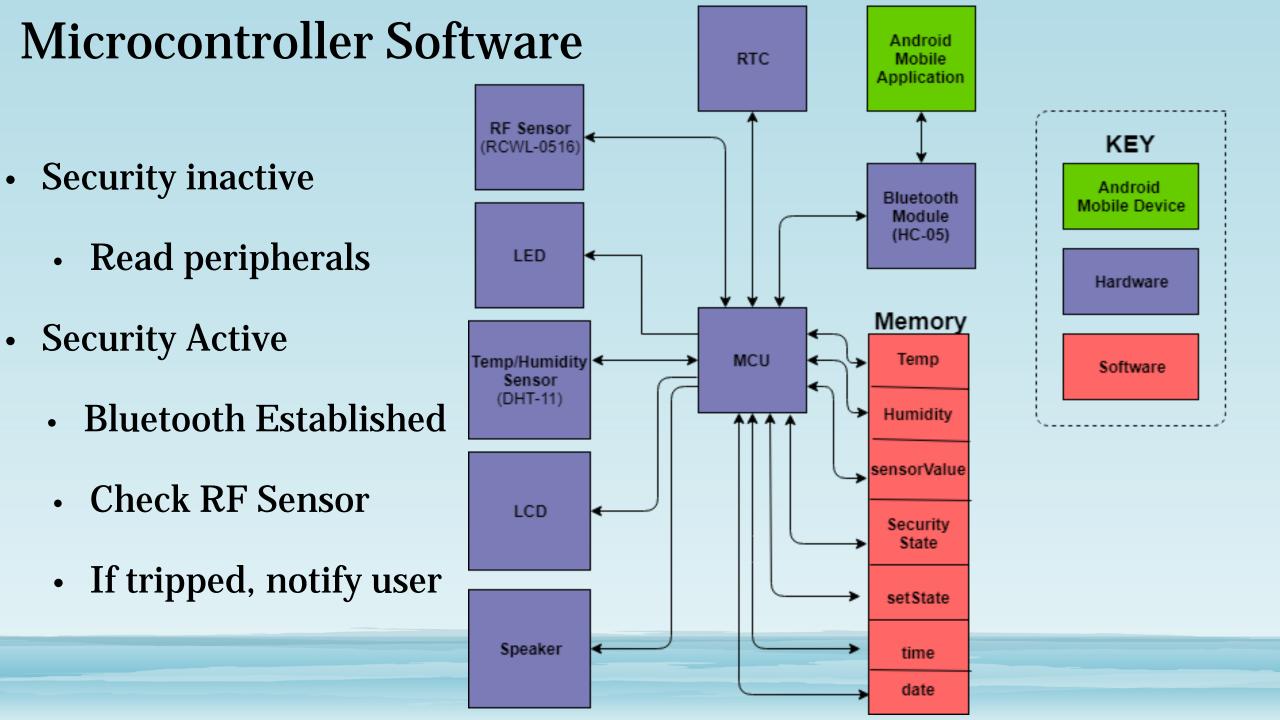


#### Microcontroller

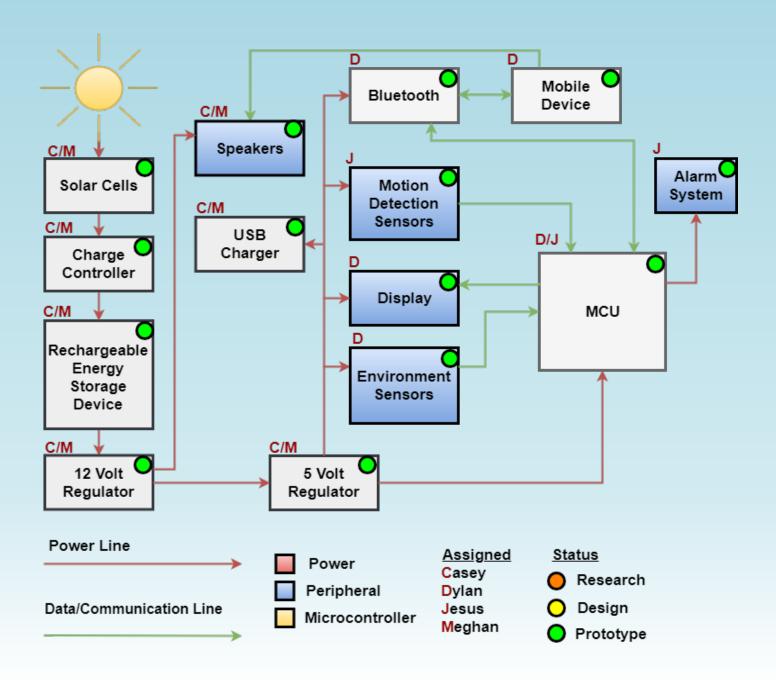


### Microcontroller Selection

Microcontroller	Architecture	Operating Voltage (V)	Max Throughput	Flash Memory (KB)	Size (mm²)	Cost (\$)
ATmega328p	8-Bit Modified  Harvard	1.8 – 5.5	20 MIPS @ 20 MH7	32	34.54x7.49	1.96
MSP430G2	16-Bit Von Neumann	1.8 – 3.6	16 MIPS @ 16 MHZ	16	26.92x6.60	1.04
MSP432P4	32-Bit ARM Cortex-M4F	1.62 – 3.7	1.22 DMIPS/MHZ	256	15.2x15.2	7.46



#### **Peripherals**



### **Environment Sensors & Display**

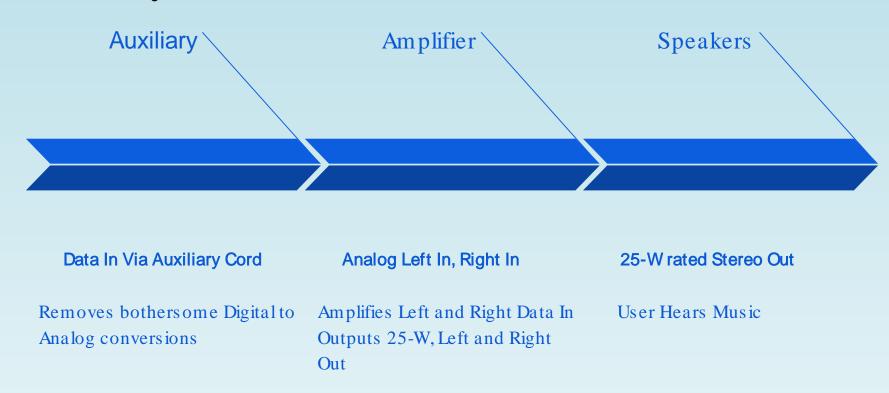
- The temperature and humidity will be recorded
- A real time clock will be used
- Different types of technologies for display
- It needs to be able to function outdoors
- Research led to LCD

### **Motion Sensor Selection**

Device	Motion Detection Method	Max Detection Range (M)	Field of View (°)	V supply (V)	Cost(\$)
RE200B	Passive Infrared	6	110	5-12	1.8
HC-SR04	Ultrasonic Sensor	4	15	5	1.49
RCWL-0516	RF Sensor	7	360	4-28	1.79

# Speaker System

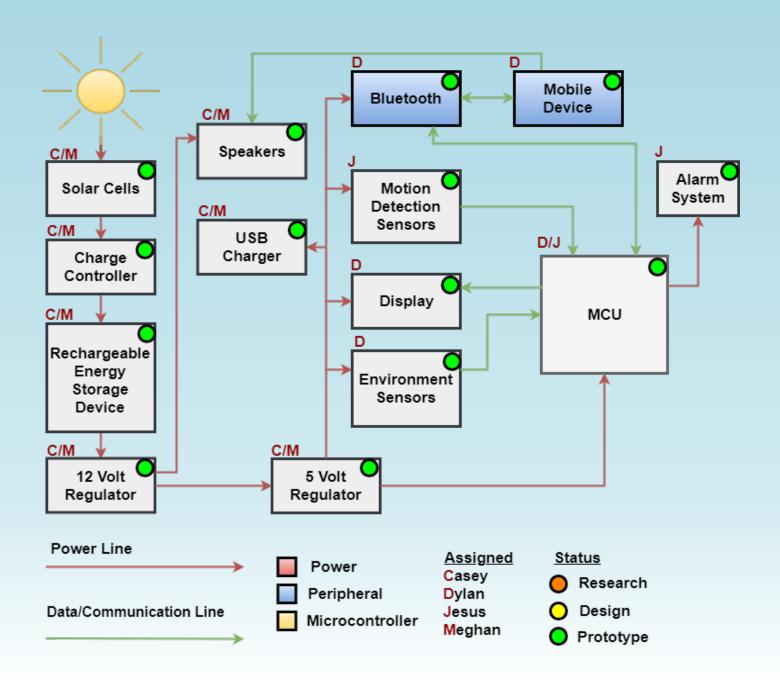
• Will satisfy Entertainment factor



# **Amplifier Comparison**

Amplifier	Add'l Output stage req.	# of Output Channel	Vsupply (V)	Power out	Components needed	Size (mm²)	Cost(\$)
LM386	NO	1	4-18	700mW	6	9.60x6.35	0.95
LM358	YES	2	3-32	600mW	5	9.81x6.35	0.85
TL084ACN	YES	4	±18	350mW	7	19.3x6.35	1.10

# **Communication Peripherals**



### Selecting Wireless Technology

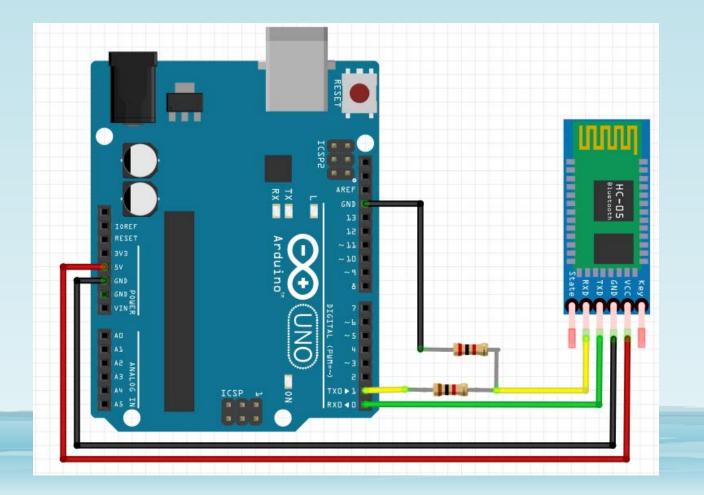
- Wireless communication needed between the Parasolar system and Android device
- Current Android devices come stock with hardware to support Bluetooth and Wi-Fi out of the box.
- Wi-Fi requires more set-up

• Bluetooth lightweight for energy

Wireless Technology	Wi-Fi (802.11)	Bluetooth (802.15.1)
Cost	Cheap (~\$5)	Cheap (~\$5)
Performance	Decent (7Mbps)	Slow (~7Kbps)
Implementation	Complex	Simple
Power Consumption	Medium	Ultra-Low / Low

### **HC-05** Bluetooth Module

**Functionality:** Provide Wireless Communication capabilities between system and Android mobile device





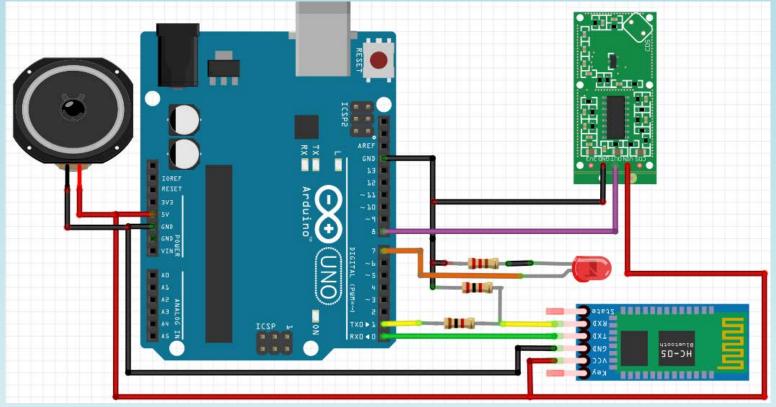


37mm

16mm

Module	HC-05 (ZS-040)
Price	\$6.00
I/O Pins	4 (VCC, GND, RX, TX)
Power Supply	5V
TX/RX Voltage Levels	3.3V
Bluetooth Version	V2.0
Current Draw (Idle)	< 8 mA

**Security System** 



- Two-way communication is needed between the phone and the system
- The mobile application allows the user to turn on the security system wirelessly.
- The MCU transmits back to the mobile device when the security has been tripped

### Mobile Device Operating System Selection



#### Android

- Free to develop
- Android Studio IDE
- Abundance of documentation
- Open Source
- Fragmentation



### **VS**

#### • iOS

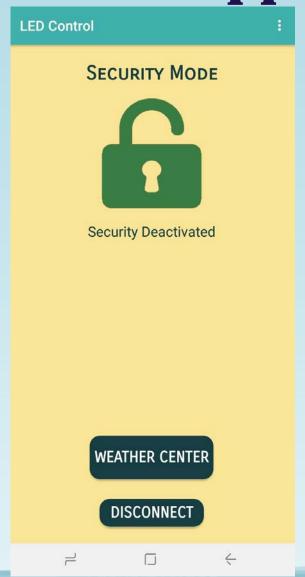
- \$99/year
- Xcode IDE
- Swift
- Time Consuming App Review

## **Mobile Application Functionality**

- Display (shown to right)
  - GPS Coordinates
  - Weather Center
    - Current City
    - Current Weather Condition
    - Temperature
    - Humidity
    - Wind Speed and Direction
    - Barometric Pressure
- Security (shown on next slide)
  - Wirelessly enable Security Mode
  - Receives notification when the RF Sensor has been tripped



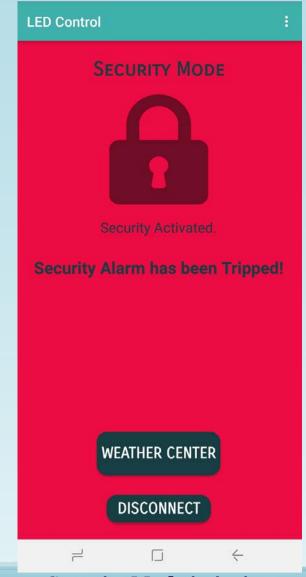
**Mobile Application Security Mode** 



**Security Mode is Inactive** 

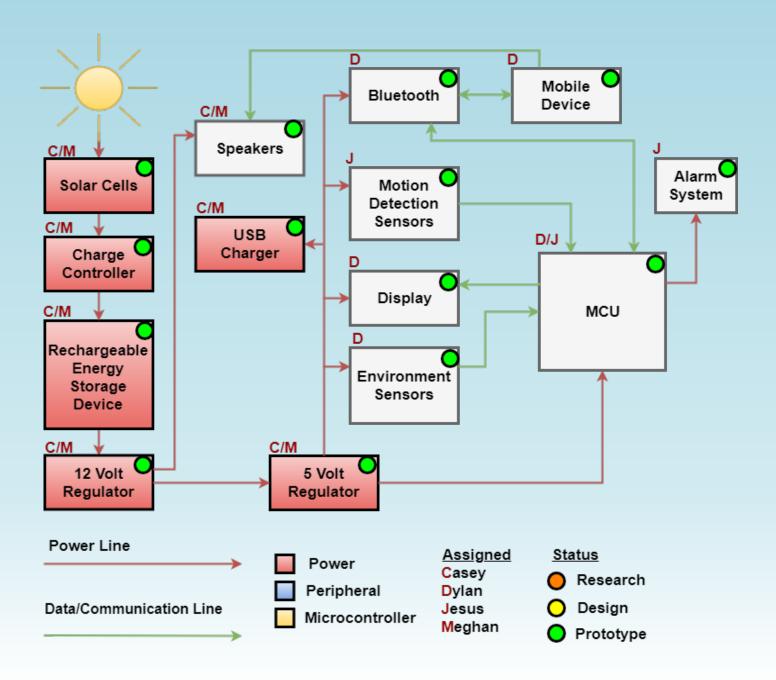


Security Mode is Active, but has not been tripped



Security Mode is Active and has been tripped

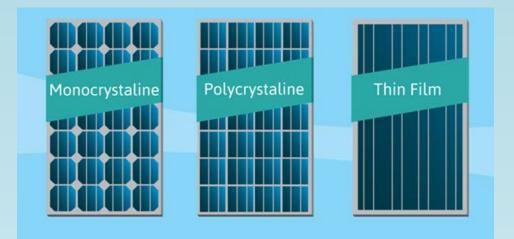
#### **Power**



### **Solar Cell Criterion**

#### Must be...

- lightweight
- cost efficient
- able to supply at least 16 Watts of power in order to sustain a sufficient charge on the energy storage device.
- able to perform efficiently when subjected to high temperatures
- able to retain a high efficiency rate when subjected to low light conditions.



	Cost per Cell (Dollars)	Wattage (W)	Size (mm)	Weight (g)	Heat Resistivity (°C)
Jiang A-Si Flexible Solar Cell	19.99	1	196 X 87 X 0.1	27	0~70
BCMaster Polysilicon Solar Cell	1.12	1	110 X 60 X 2.5	13.6	-20~85
Solopower Lightweight Thin Flexible CIGS Solar Cell	7.99 uncoated	1.5	368 X 40 X 0.3	9.07	unknown
Viko Cell Mono Series Monocrystalli ne Solar Cell	1.55 uncoated	2.7	125 X 125 X 0.5	unknown	unknown

### Solar Cell Comparison

Note: Costs labeled with the word "uncoated" require user to provide a form of housing or coating of the cell and will substantially raise the cost of the product.

	Cost per Cell (Dollars)	Wattage (W)	Size (mm)	Weight (g)	Heat Resistivity (°C)
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### Solar Cell Selection

Note: Costs labeled with the word "uncoated" require user to provide a form of housing or coating of the cell and will substantially raise the cost of the product

### **Battery**

#### Must...

- have a high gravimetric energy density
- have a relatively fast charging time
- hold a charge without experiencing any substantial amount of self-discharge.
- maintain a high level of performance when subjected to high temperatures.

	NiCd	NiMH	Lead Acid	Li-ion	LiPo
Gravimetric Energy Density (Wh/kg)	45-80	60-120	30-50	110-160	100-130
Cycle Life	$1500^{2}$	300 -500 <sup>2.3</sup>	200 - 300 <sup>2</sup>	500 - 1000 <sup>3</sup>	300 – 500
Charge Time (hours)	1	2-4	8-16	2-4	2-4
Overcharge Tolerance	moderate	low	high	Very low	Low
Self Discharge (per month)	$20\%^4$	$30\%^4$	5%	$10\%^5$	~10%5
Operating Temperature (°C)	-40 - 60	-20 - 60	-20- 60	-20- 60	0- 60

### Battery Comparison

Note: The pricing for the battery did not end up playing a pertinent role when choosing a battery. Therefore it was not included in the table.

	NiCd	NiMH	Lead Acid	Li-ion	LiPo		
Gravimetric Energy Density (Wh/kg)	45-80	60-120	30-50	110-160	100-130		
Cycle Life	$1500^{2}$	300 -500 <sup>2.3</sup>	200 - 300 <sup>2</sup>	500 - 1000 <sup>3</sup>	300 – 500		
Charge Time (hours)	1	2-4	8-16	2-4	2-4		
Overcharge Tolerance	moderate	low	high	Very low	Low		
Self Discharge (per month)	$20\%^4$	$30\%^4$	5%	$10\%^5$	~10% <sup>5</sup>		
Operating Temperature (°C)	-40 - 60	-20 - 60	-20- 60	-20- 60	0- 60		

### **Battery Selection**

12V DC Li-ion battery pack for a total cost of \$29.45

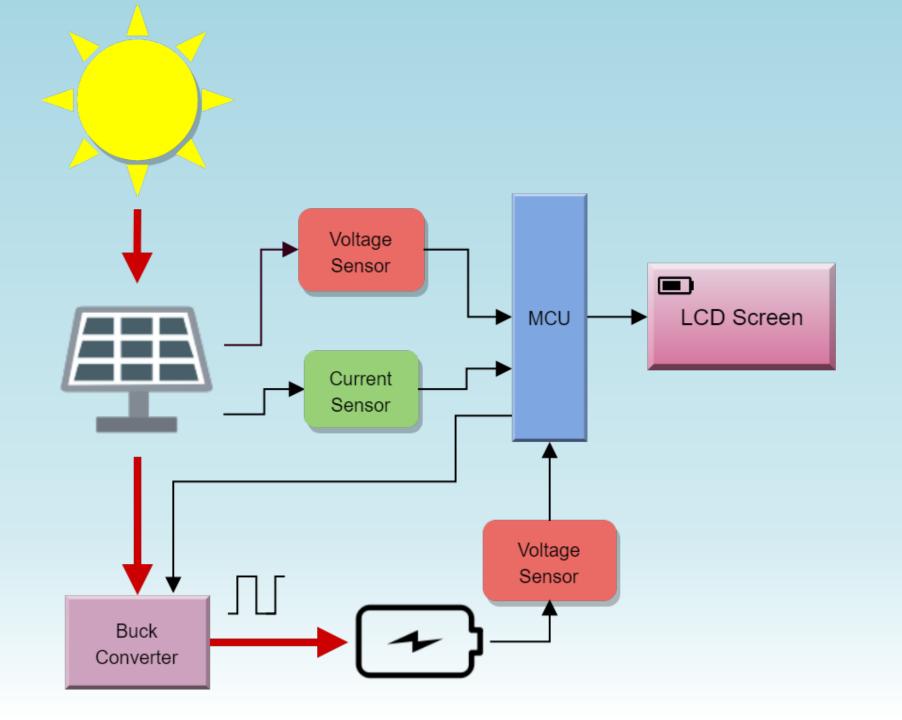
### Solar Charge Controller Criterion

#### Must be...

- compatible with the battery and with the solar panels used in this application.
- designed to maximize power output.
- able to reduce the possibility of the battery being drained out through the solar panels when not being charged.

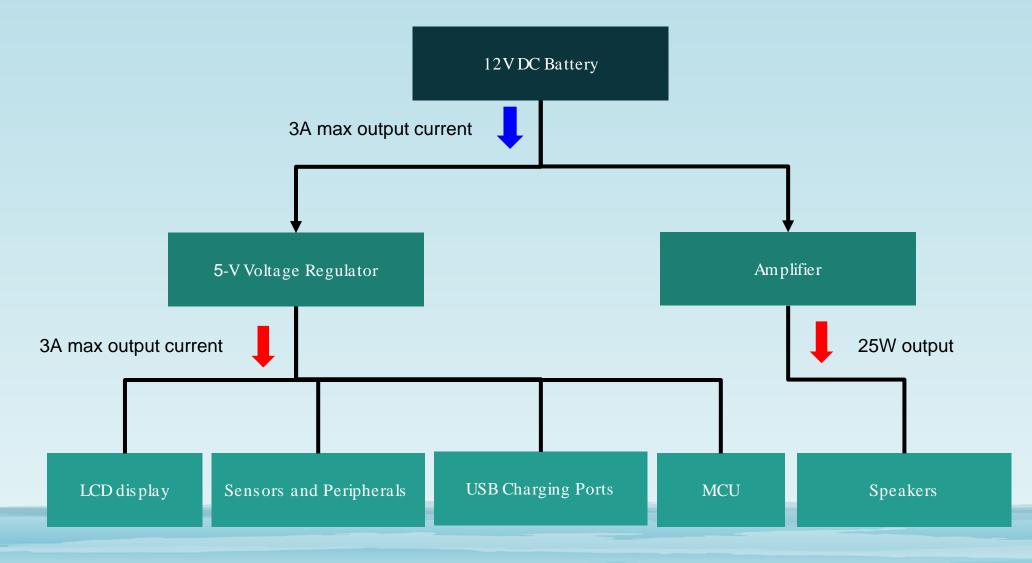
### Maximum Power Point Tracking

- MPPT converters use a microcontroller.
- Converts excess voltage into current.
- Time required for a full charge to decrease significantly.
- The final function of a solar charge controller is preventing reverse current flow.
- For this project a MPPT solar charge converter has been designed and implemented.



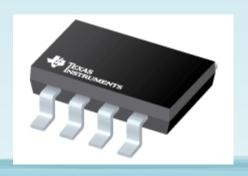


### **Power Distribution**



# 5V Voltage Regulation (Texas Instruments)

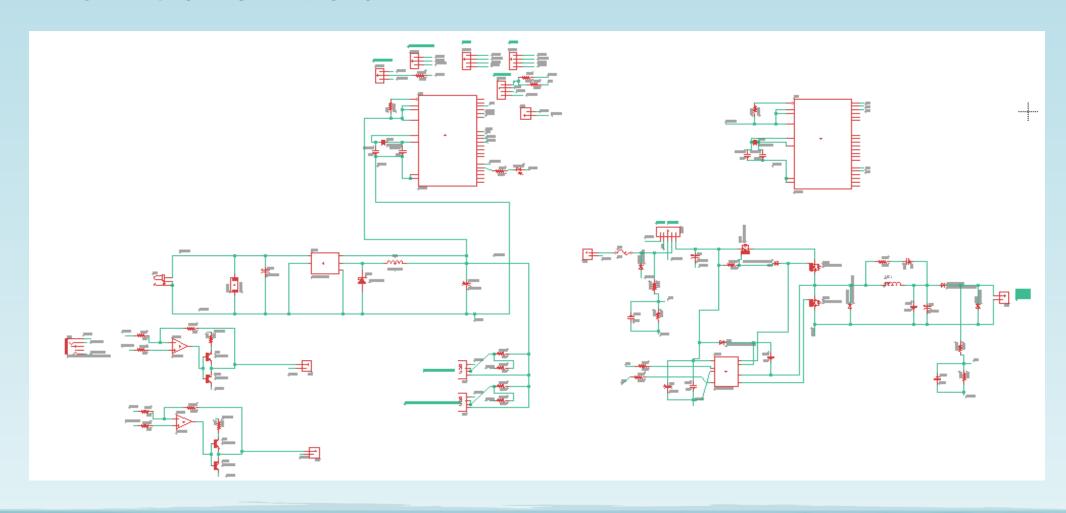
Regulator	Туре	Vout(V)	Vin(V)max	lout(A)max	Size (mm²)	Cost(\$)
LM7805	Linear	5	<35	1.5	10.16x14.351	N/A
LM2576	Switching	3.3,5,12,15	1-40	3	10.16x8.42	N/A
TPS563210	Hysteresis	.76-7	4.5-17	2,3	1.6x2.90	N/A



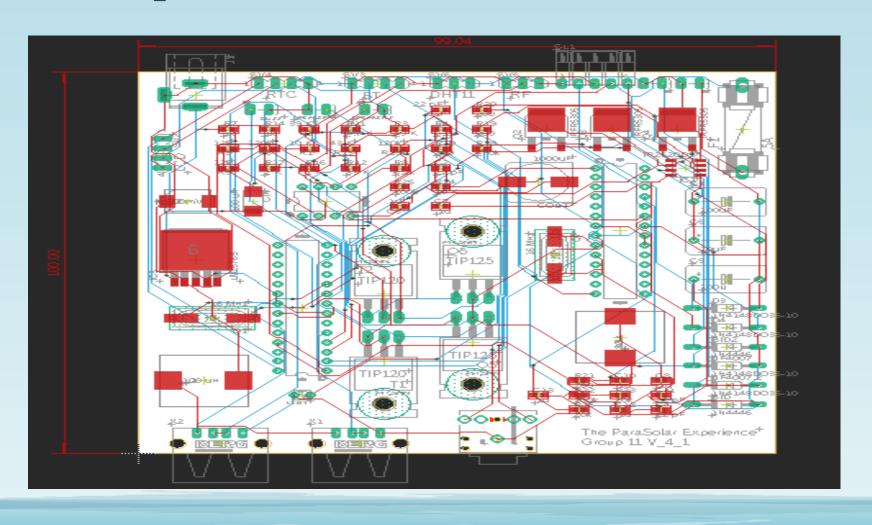




### **PCB Schematic**



# **PCB Footprint**



### **Administrative Content**

### **Work Distribution**

Name	Power Distribution	Battery Charge System	PCB Design	Security System	Software (MCU & Android App)
Dylan			Secondary	Secondary	Primary
Meghan	Secondary	Primary	Secondary		
Casey	Primary	Secondary	Primary		
Jesus			Primary	Primary	Secondary

# Budget

Total (Actual): \$152.96

without bulk pricing

Item	Quantity	Price (total)
Beach Umbrella	1	\$20
Cooler	1	\$14.99
Battery	1	\$30
MCU	1	\$5
Solar Panel	20	\$16
LCD Display	1	\$12
Speakers	2	\$17
LEDs	3	\$2
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	1	\$1.75
Proximity Sensor	1	\$1.90
Bluetooth module	1	\$5.65
Custom PCB	1	\$2.00
Waterproof/Particle materials for encasement	N/A	Free
USB Type A Female Ports	2	\$3
PCB Resistors, Capacitors, and ICs	N/A	\$21.67

#### **Demonstration**

- Shall include....
  - Bluetooth communication/Security Mode via Phone Application
  - USB Charging via USB Type-A port
  - Auxiliary input to Speakers
  - Self-powering to entire product
  - Environmental and system information updates via LCD screen

Questions?